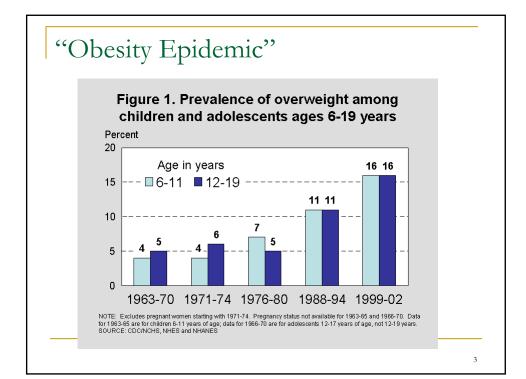
Early Childhood Overweight: Disparities, Predictors, and Consequences

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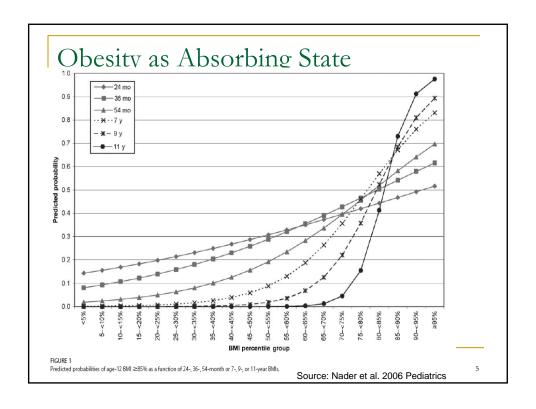
Motivation

- "Obesity epidemic" in the US
 - Overweight among US kids increased 100%+ since 1971
 - (unadjusted) Racial Differences
 - Ages 6-11 in 1999-2000
 - Hispanic children 22%
 - non-Hispanic black children—20%
 - non-Hispanic white children-14%
 - Health problems/medical costs
 - Type 2 Diabetes, future cardiovascular disease



Motivation (cont'd)

- Obesity is an "absorbing state"
 - Few transitions out of overweight/obesity status
 - Cross sectional evidence is of limited value
 - Difficult to establish proximal causes
 - Problem of reverse causality



Motivation (cont'd)

- Examine transitions into overweight/obese
 - This happens very early
 - Most current research focuses on 5+ ages
 - Most datasets are "too late"
 - 13%+ of adolescents are overweight
 - 8%+ of 4-5 years olds are overweight
 - Exceptions
 - Fragile Families (disadvantaged families)
 - NICHD Early Child (N=1,000, 10 sites)
 - ECLS-K (a little late)
 - ECLS-B

Research Questions

- Focus on overweight status at 2-years old
- Are there racial differences in early overweight status?
- What individual/family factors predict early overweight status?
- Is early overweight status associated with early cognitive/motor skills?

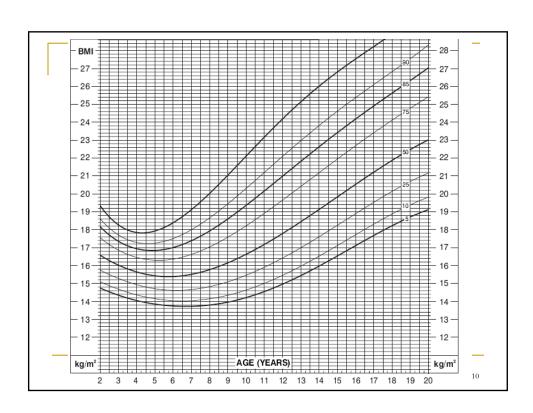
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Background Literature

- Large literature on older children/adolescents
- Literature on young children is small
 - Kimbro, Brooks-Gunn, McLanahan (2007 AJPH) using Fragile Families
 - National sample of relatively disadvantaged families ("fragile")
 - Cannot explain minority-white gaps in overweight
 - □ 14% white obese (34% overweight/obese)
 - □ 17% black (34%)
 - 24% Hispanic (44%)

Data

- **■** ECLS-B
- Overweight status/at risk status cutoffs for 2 year olds from CDC growth charts
 - □ By age/gender
 - Controversial
- Drop individuals with missing height/weight or other data (leaves N=8,500)
 - \square N = 7,600 with valid Xs
- Include information from child, family, community, and birth certificate



Child Characteristics (N=7,600)

| Variable | Mean | Std. Dev | Min | Max |
|-----------------------|-------|----------|------|------|
| Child Information | | | | |
| Overweight | 0.15 | 0.36 | 0 | 1 |
| At Risk | 0.13 | 0.34 | 0 | 1 |
| BMI | 17.34 | 2.22 | 10.3 | 36.3 |
| Age (months) | 24.42 | 1.19 | 20.9 | 38.2 |
| Male | 0.51 | 0.50 | 0 | 1 |
| White | 0.44 | 0.50 | 0 | 1 |
| Black | 0.16 | 0.37 | 0 | 1 |
| Hispanic | 0.20 | 0.40 | 0 | 1 |
| Asian | 0.10 | 0.30 | 0 | 1 |
| Multi-Race | 0.08 | 0.27 | 0 | 1 |
| Other Race | 0.03 | 0.16 | 0 | 1 |
| Low Birth Weight | 0.16 | 0.36 | 0 | 1 |
| Very Low Birth Weight | 0.10 | 0.30 | 0 | 1 |
| Twin | 0.16 | 0.37 | 0 | 1 |

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| Family Information | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------|------|----|----|
| Maternal Age | 28.61 | 6.40 | 15 | 51 |
| Maternal Education | 13.75 | 2.70 | 8 | 20 |
| Married Household | 0.67 | 0.47 | 0 | 1 |
| Maternal Employment (FT) | 0.33 | 0.47 | 0 | 1 |
| Maternal Employment (PT) | 0.19 | 0.39 | 0 | 1 |
| Maternal Unemployment | 0.08 | 0.27 | 0 | 1 |
| ESL Status | 0.20 | 0.40 | 0 | 1 |
| SCHIP Status | 0.09 | 0.28 | 0 | 1 |
| Medicaid Status | 0.40 | 0.49 | 0 | 1 |
| Smoking Status | 0.19 | 0.40 | 0 | 1 |
| Rural Status | 0.15 | 0.36 | 0 | 1 |
| WIC | 0.41 | 0.49 | 0 | 1 |
| Food Stamps | 0.21 | 0.41 | 0 | 1 |
| Welfare | 0.09 | 0.29 | 0 | 1 |
| Move Between Waves | 0.34 | 0.47 | 0 | 1 |
| Family Practices | | | | |
| Breast Fed | 0.69 | 0.46 | 0 | 1 |
| Cries for Food/Toy | 1.57 | 1.04 | 0 | 3 |
| Used Baby Books | 0.70 | 0.46 | 0 | 1 |
| Read to Child | 2.72 | 1.03 | 1 | 4 |
| TV Hours/Week | 1.61 | 1.34 | 0 | 14 |
| Eat at Regular Time | 5.49 | 2.14 | 0 | 7 |
| Play active games | 2.30 | 1.17 | 1 | 6 |
| Play/Walk Outside | 2.84 | 1.39 | 1 | 6 |
| | | | | |

0.65

5.60

0.90

Feed When Hungry (vs. Schedule)
Number of Well-Baby Checkups

Smoke in 3rd Trimester

Ultrasound

0.48 2.66

0.30

Results: Overweight Status at 2 years old

Racial Differences

| Outcome | Overweight | Overweight | Overweight | |
|--------------------|------------|------------|------------|--|
| Sample | Full | Full | Full | |
| Male | 1.073 | 1.069 | 1.074 | |
| | (0.405) | (0.427) | (0.400) | |
| Black | 1.219 | 1.057 | 0.987 | |
| | (0.074)+ | (0.664) | (0.922) | |
| Hispanic | 1.435 | 1.285 | 1.082 | |
| | (0.000)** | (0.034)* | (0.571) | |
| Asian | 0.948 | 1.021 | 0.864 | |
| | (0.765) | (0.908) | (0.487) | |
| Multi-Racial | 0.662 | 0.622 | 0.603 | |
| | (0.033)* | (0.016)* | (0.011)* | |
| Other Race | 1.633 | 1.399 | 1.263 | |
| | (0.057)+ | (0.198) | (0.393) | |
| Maternal Education | | 0.959 | 0.970 | |
| | | (0.024)* | (0.128) | |
| Married Household | | 0.826 | 0.797 | |
| | | (0.059)+ | (0.026)* | |
| ESL Status | | | 1.448 | |
| | | | (0.011)* | |
| Observations | 7500 | 7500 | 7500 | |

Logit Regression: Odds Ratio (p-values)
Additional Controls: Age in months, Age squared in all columns and birth weight,
parental health, maternal BMI in column 3

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Results: Overweight Status at 2 years old Predictors (with community fixed effects)

Not Significant

 Family income, maternal education, television viewing, SCHIP status, parental health, eat at regular time, residential mobility, twin status

Significant

 □ Breast fed (-), maternal BMI (+), ESL status (+), low birth weight (-), Medicaid status (+), WIC status (-), parent smokes (+) walk/play outside (-), play chasing games (-)

Results: Overweight Status at 2 years old Consequences for Cognitive/Motor Skills

| Outcome | Cognitive Score | Cognitive Score | Motor Score | Motor Score |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|
| Column | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Cognitive Score at 9-mths | 1.153 | 1.153 | | |
| | (0.000)** | (0.000)** | | |
| Motor Skills at 9-mths | | | 1.061 | 1.061 |
| | | | (0.000)** | (0.000)** |
| Overweight | 0.644 | | 1.454 | |
| | (0.248) | | (0.056)+ | |
| ВМІ | | 0.920 | | 1.078 |
| | | (0.180) | | (0.030)* |
| Observations | 7500 | 7500 | 7400 | 7400 |
| R-squared | 0.271 | 0.271 | 0.123 | 0.123 |

OLS regression (p-values) Full set of controls

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Limitations

- Reverse causality
- Omitted variables
- Very young children
 - Measurement of overweight status
- Non-response

Results Summary

- Stylized facts
- Racial differences in overweight start early
 - Eliminated after controlling for a small number of family factors
- Corroborate and add to list of early predictors of overweight status
 - Physical activity, WIC, family factors
- No evidence that early overweight decreases cognitive and motor skill acquisition

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Future Directions

- Examine these questions with the next wave of data
- Examine these questions for at-risk of overweight status outcome
- Use alternative measures of overweight status